



# User Manual

Ultrasonic Anemometer

(Part 1405-PK-201, Heated with Analogue Outputs)

(Part 1405-PK-301, Non -Heated with Analogue Outputs)

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WindSonic M Doc N

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# **1 FOREWORD**

Thank you for purchasing the WindSonic M with Analogue Outputs manufactured by Gill Instruments Ltd. The unit has no customer serviceable parts and requires no calibration or maintenance. To achieve optimum performance we recommend that you read the whole of this manual before proceeding with use. Do NOT remove black "rubber" transducer caps.

Gill products are in continuous development and therefore specifications may be subject to change and design improvements without prior notice.

The information contained in this manual remains the property of Gill Instruments and should not be copied or reproduced for commercial gain.

# **2 INTRODUCTION**

With an impressive robust, corrosion-free, aluminium alloy housing and optional anti-icing heating system the WindSonic M wind sensor is recommended for use in harsh environmental industrial conditions and is particularly suited to marine, offshore (ships, data buoys) and land based installations.

The Gill WindSonic M wind sensor has no moving parts, outputting wind speed and direction. The units of wind speed, output rate and formats are all user selectable.

The WindSonic M can be used in conjunction with a PC, data logger or other device, provided it is compatible with one of the standard communication formats provided by the WindSonic M.

WindSonic M set for RS422 output is designed to connect directly to the Gill WindDisplay unit to provide a complete wind speed direction system.

The WindSonic M part 1405-PK-201(heated) and Part 1405-PK-301 (non-heated) has analogue outputs to interface to a logger or PLC.

WindSonic M may be configured using Wind software which is available, free of charge, from the Gill website <u>www.gillinstruments.com</u>. The output message format can be configured in Gill format, in Polar or UV (2-axis) format, and to either Polled (requested by host system) or Continuous output. Alternatively, it can be configured in NMEA (0183 Version 3). These are described in Section 9 MESSAGE FORMATS.

# 3 FAST TRACK SET-UP

If you are in a hurry to try out the WindSonic M and are familiar with Gill equipment and coupling to a PC using RS232, go to the following sections:

- Section 7 INSTALLATION
- Section 9 MESSAGE FORMATS
- Section 10 CONFIGURING

After you have successfully set up the WindSonic M, we strongly advise that you then go back and read the rest of the manual to ensure that you get the best results from the WindSonic M.

4 PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

The WindSonic M measures the times taken for an ultrasonic pulse of sound to travel from the North transducer to the South transducer, and compares it with the time for a pulse to travel from S to N transducer. Likewise times are compared between West and East, and E and W transducer.

If, for example, a North wind is blowing, then the time taken for the pulse to travel from N to S will be faster than from S to N, whereas the W to E, and E to W times will be the same. The wind speed and direction can then be calculated from the differences in the times of flight on each axis. This calculation is independent of factors such as temperature.

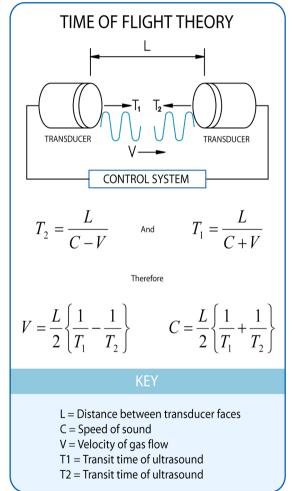


Figure 1 Time of Flight details

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#### **SPECIFICATION** 5

This Specification relates to WindSonic M Sensor Part Numbers 1405-PK-201/301.

Output			
Units of measure	Metres/second (m/s), Knots, Miles per hour (mph),		
	Kilometres per hour (kph), Feet per minute (fpm)		
Output frequency	0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, or 4 outputs per second		
Digital Output	Polar - Speed and Direction		
Parameters	UV - 2 axis, signed Speed		
	NMEA Speed and Direction		
	Tunnel - U speed & U Polarity		
Wind Speed			
Range	0 - 60m/s,		
Accuracy	$\pm 2\%$ (at 12m/s)		
Resolution	0.01 m/s		
Wind Direction			
Range	0 - 359°		
Accuracy	$\pm 3^{\circ}$ (at 12m/s)		
Resolution	1°		
Analogue output			
formats			
0-5V	$\pm$ 1% of full scale N.B. Analogue output impedance = 1K $\Omega$ (V out)		
4-20mA	Load resistance between the Analogue output impedance TRS2 (V out)		
0-20mA	Signal Ground (Pin K) must be <= 300 ohms, including cable		
0 20111 1	resistance.		
Digital output formats			
Gill ASCII	Continuous or Polled (output on request by host system) Polar (Speed and Direction) or UV (2 axis, signed Speed)		
Marine – NMEA	NMEA 0183 version 3		
Tunnel	Tunnel - U speed & U Polarity		
Communication			
formats			
Data Levels	RS232, RS422 and RS485 (2 wire Point to Point only)		
Baud Rates	2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400		
	Status OK and error codes (not for heating) included in output message		
Anemometer status	Status OK and error codes (not for nearing) mended in output message		
Power requirement			
Sensor Power	Sensor Power 5V to 30V dc.		
	Sensor Current 9mA @ 12V DC (1Hz, 9600B, RS232).		
	Sensor Current 5.5mA @ 12V DC (0.25Hz, 9600B, RS232).		
	Sensor Current increases if Analogue Current outputs are selected, add up		
	to 40mA to nominal readings above.		
Heater Power	Heater Power 10V to 30V DC.		
	Heater Power $24V \text{ rms AC} \pm 10 \% @50/60 \text{Hz}.$		
(For Part Number	Heater Current Allow for 2.2 Amps @ 12V DC nominal (26W max.).		
1405-PK-201)	Heater Current Allow for 4.2 Amps @24v AC or DC nominal (100W		
*	max.).		

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NORTH MARKER ARROWS

C

E

Figure 2 Compass Points

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# 6 PRE-INSTALLATION

## 6.1 Equipment supplied

Item	Quantity
WindSonic M	1
12 Way connector and Mounting Screws as follows:-	
12 Way Connector Body	1
Connector Contacts	12
Connector Backshell	1
Mounting Screws – M5 stainless steel	3
Mounting Screw M5 Washer shake proof	3
Earthing Screw – M4 x 6 Stainless	1
Earthing Shakeproof Washer, M4	1
Earthing Ring Terminal Tag, M4	1
User Manual and Wind/WindView software on CD	1

The User Manual, Wind and WindView software are also available free of charge from the Gill website – <u>www.gillinstruments.com</u>

### 6.1.1 WindSonic M Analogue Output Part Numbers

**1405-PK-201** WindSonic M – Analogue Outputs and Heating, RS 232/422/485 point to point digital outputs.

1405-PK-301~ WindSonic M –Analogue Outputs, No Heating , RS 232/422/485 point to point digital outputs.

Optional extras:

Item	Part Number
Cable 4 Pair twisted and shielded wires, 24 AWG, per metre.	026-03156
Cable 3 Pair twisted and shielded wires, 24 AWG, per metre.	026-02660
WindSonic M 12 way connector parts (1 supplied as standard see above)	1405-PK-112
WindSonic M Support Tube, 0.5M (Aluminium)	1405-30-056

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Mechanical Size / Weight Size 142mm diameter x 160mm Weight 0.9kg. Mounting Pipe mounting 1.75 inches (44.45mm) diameter. Material External - Aluminium Alloy 6082 T6, hard anodise finish. Connector - Nickel Plated Brass. Environmental Moisture protection IP66 Operating Temperature Operating -35°C to +70°C Unit without Heating. Operating -40°C to +70°C Unit with Heating. Storage Temperature Storage -40°C to +80°C Humidity Operating <5% to 100% Hail UL2218 Class 1 EN 61326:1998 and BSEN 60945 EMC Standards Manufactured within ISO9001: 2000 quality system

### 6.2 Packaging

Whilst the WindSonic M is being moved to its installation site, the unit should be kept in its inner packaging. All the packaging should be retained for use if the unit has to be returned at any time, or if a self-test is performed.

### **6.3 Installation requirements**

Host system - Use of the following:

- PC fitted with a suitable interface to match the chosen communication format (RS232, RS422, or RS485 point to point only) compatible with the WindSonic M option selected and a suitable Terminal Emulation software package. For example HyperTerminal for Windows.
- Gill Wind software can be used for WindSonic M configuration and is available from the Gill website. It will also run on Vista, Windows 7 and 8 PC's and can be used as a Terminal Program if required.
- ➢ Gill WindDisplay (WindSonic M set for RS422 output).
- Other equipment with input/output compatibility to the WindSonic M.
   For example, Data logger.
- Cable To connect between the WindSonic M and the host system See Section 7.3.1 Cable type for cable specification.
  - > There are restrictions on the maximum cable lengths for correct operation.
  - > The cable should be routed up the inside of the mounting tube.

#### Mounting tube

- Standard tube 1.75 inches (44.45mm) Outside Diameter x 3mm wall thickness. Note it is important that the correct diameter tube is used.
- See Figure 3 in section 7.11.3 Mounting Details
- > For non-hostile environments, Aluminium tube can be used.
- For hostile environments, you should select a material suitable for the intended environment. For example, stainless steel 316 for marine use.

### 6.4 Cable Assembly

The WindSonic M with analogue outputs is supplied with a mating 12 way connector.

Open the pack of connector parts supplied (Gill Part 1405-PK-112).

A set of assembly instructions are supplied with the connector together with:-.

Table of Equivalent Part Numbers				
Part Name	Gill Part No.	Cannon Trident Part No.		
Connector head, 12 way	020-04990	192993-0053		
Metal backshell (7 pieces)	020-04991	192993-0083		
Solder bucket contacts	020-04469	192900-0635		
(5 per pack, (3 –off packs))				

#### Arrange Backshell (Gill Part Number 020-04991).

Pass parts 1-6 along the cable as per the diagram below.

(Note that the connector supplies the correct strain relief for cables with an outside diameter of 6.9 to 10.2mm).



#### Prepare Cable.

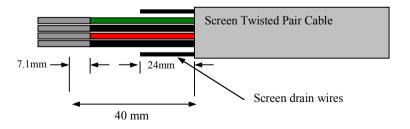
Trim back the cable outer and twisted pair screen sleeves 40mm (see diagram below).

Trim back the screen drain wires to a length of 24mm.

Strip back the connection wires by 7.1mm and tin solder.

Solder the bucket contacts to the wires.

Unused wires should be cut back and insulated.



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#### Prepare Connector Head (Gill Part 020-04990).

Remove the connector thread protector and place the O-ring (part 7) into the groove of the connector head (020-04990).





O-Ring to be placed around here

Remove the thread protector

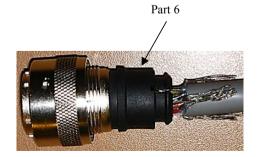
#### Assemble Connector to the Cable.

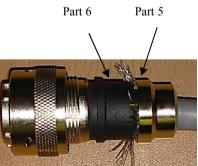
Push connector contacts through the red connector head seal into the appropriate location, when in place there should be a click as the contact locks into position.

Once contacts are in position pass part 6 up the cable and into position as shown below.

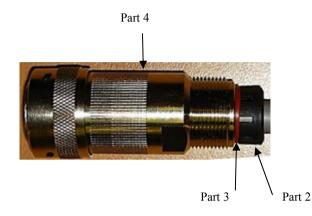
# Note: if a connector pin needs removing use Cannon Extraction Tool, Manufacturer's Part 192922-1450.

Fold and spread screen wires over part 6 and then push up part 5 as shown to clamp screen wires between Parts 5 and 6.





#### Now screw in part 4 and torque up to a value of 10Nm.



Pass parts 3 and 2, the cable seal and cable grip from the connector kit, along the cable to the housing.

Now screw in item 1, the clamp nut, over parts 2 and 3 and onto the housing and torque up to a value of 10Nm.



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# 7 INSTALLATION

Do NOT remove the black "rubber" transducer caps. Warranty is void if the coloured security seal is damaged or removed.

## 7.1 Installation Guidelines

The WindSonic M has been designed to meet and exceed the stringent standards listed in its specification. Operating in diverse environments all over the world, WindSonic M requires no calibration and adjustment whatsoever.

As with any sophisticated electronics, good engineering practice should be followed to ensure correct operation.

• Always check the installation to ensure the WindSonic M is not affected by other equipment operating locally, which may not conform to current standards, e.g. radio/radar transmitters, boat engines, generators etc.

Guidelines -

- Avoid mounting in the plane of any radar scanner a vertical separation of at least 2m should be achieved.
- Radio transmitting antennas, the following minimum separations (all round) are suggested
  - VHF IMM 1m
  - MF/HF 5m
  - Satcom 5m (avoid likely lines of sight)
- Use cables recommended by Gill. If cables are cut and re-connected incorrectly (perhaps in a junction box) then EMC performance may be compromised if cable screen integrity is not maintained.
- Earth loops should not be created wire the system in accordance with the installation guidelines.
- Ensure the power supply operates to the WindSonic M specification at all times.

Avoid turbulence caused by surrounding structures that will affect the accuracy of the WindSonic M such as trees, masts and buildings. Ideally sensors should be mounted on the prevailing wind side of the site.

The WMO make the following recommendations:

• The standard exposure of wind instruments over level open terrain is 10m above the ground. Open terrain is defined as an area where the distance between the sensor and any obstruction is at least 10 times the height of the obstruction.

If mounting on a building then theoretically the sensor should be mounted at a height of 1.5 times the height of the building.

If the sensor is to be mounted on a mast boom, part way up a tower or mast, then the boom should be at least twice as long as the minimum diameter or diagonal of the tower. The boom should be positioned on the prevailing wind side of the tower.

## 7.2Bench system test

**Note:** Prior to physically mounting the WindSonic M in its final location, we strongly recommend that a bench system test is carried out to confirm the system is configured correctly, is fully functional and electrically compatible with the selected host system and cabling (preferably utilising the final cable length). The required data format, units, output rate, and other options should also all be set up at this stage.

### 7.3 Electrical

### 7.3.1 Cable

### Cable type

An RS422 compatible cable should be used for data communications, with the number of twisted pairs matching the application.

**Generic description** – Twisted pairs with drain wire, screened with aluminised tape, with an overall PVC sheath. Wire size 7/0.2mm (20-24 AWG)

The tables below show some suitable manufacturers' references; other manufacturers' equivalents can be used.

#### WindSonic M, Analogue Output, Non-Heated

Application	No. of pairs	Gill. 24 AWG	Belden. 24 AWG	Batt electronics. 24 AWG
WindDisplay	2	-	9729	-
RS 232	3	026-02660	9730	91030
RS 422/485	4	026-03156	9728	91199
Analogue only	3	026-02660	9730	91030

#### WindSonic M, Analogue Output, Heated

Thicker or higher specification cable can be used up to 20 AWG. If long cables are used then consideration should be given to powering the Heater using lower 20 AWG gauge wire or paralleling heater and sensor power cables (24v dc supply only) to reduce volt drops.

Alternatively locate the sensor/heater supply as close as possible to the unit and run data only over the longer cable distances.

Application	No. of pairs	Gill. 24 AWG	Belden. 24 AWG	Batt electronics. 24 AWG
WindDisplay	3	026-02660	9730	91030
RS 232	4	026-03156	9728	91199
RS 422/485	6	026-02661	9731	91031
Analogue only	4	026-03156	9728	91199

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### **Cable length**

The maximum cable length is dependent on the chosen communication format (RS232, RS422 or RS485 (point to point)), the baud rate, and, to a lesser extent, on the cable type and the local electrical 'noise' level.

The table shows the typical maximum lengths at the given baud rates, using the recommended cable. If any problems of data corruption etc. are experienced, then a slower baud rate should be used. Alternatively, a thicker or higher specification cable can be tried.

For Heater cable lengths advice refer to the previous Cable Type Section.

Communication format	Baud rate	Max. cable length
RS232	9600	6.5 m (20 ft.)
RS422 or 485 (P to P)	9600	1 km (3200 ft.)
Analogue Voltage Output	Not Applicable	6.5m (20ft)
Analogue Current Output	Not Applicable	Resistance dependant. Cable resistance and load to be less than 300 ohms.

### 7.3.2 Power supply

#### Wind Sensor

WindSonic M Sensor Supply	5V to 30V DC (30V DC max).
WindSonic M Sensor Current	9mA @ 12V DC (1Hz, 9600B, RS232).
WindSonic M Sensor Current	5.5mA @ 12v DC (0.25Hz, 9600B, RS232).

Add up to a further 40mA if Analogue current outputs are selected.

#### Heating (Part 1405-PK-201)

Heater Power	10V to 30.0V DC.
Heater Power	24V rms AC ± 10 % @50/60Hz.
Heater Current	Allow for 2.2 Amps @ 12V DC (nominal supply), 26W max.
Heater Current	Allow for 4.2 Amps @24v AC or DC (nominal supply) 100W max.
Heater Current	Non activated standby current approximately 40mA.

# Heater Cable length should be minimised to avoid cable volt drops and ensure maximum voltage is received at the Anemometer.

A 24v dc Heater Supply capable of a minimum of 6 Amps is recommended for initial heating start up surge.

Note that the Heater supply is isolated from the Sensor supply.

However it is permissible to connect a common 24v dc supply to both the Sensor supply connections and Heater supply connections if required.

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Neither the Sensor supply connections or the Heater supply connections should be connected to the WindSonic M metal case.

If necessary parallel up spare wires in the cable and connect to the heater pins in order to reduce volt drops.

There is no heating command on the heated WindSonic M, heating is enabled by internal temperature sensing devices and cannot be disabled except by removing the heater supply. The WindSonic M has reverse polarity protection.

# 7.4 Connecting to a PC using RS232 (Default Sensor)

#### Notes.

- 1. Some PCs may have a Serial RS232 interface and a suitable terminal emulation package already installed, which can be utilised with the WindSonic M. (e.g. HyperTerminal or equivalent). Otherwise use Gill Wind Software.
- 2. The cable length for reliable operation is limited to 6.5m (20ft). (See Section 7.3.1 Cable length.)
- 3. For longer cable runs, we recommend using the WindSonic M configured with RS422 output, and a RS422/232/USB converter at the PC. See Para 7.8 *Connecting an RS422 output WindSonic M with Analogue Output to a PC with* an RS422 Interface/.

WindSonic M 12 Way Connec	-	Cable -Twisted Pairs	PC Typical 9 Way 'D' Connecto	
Signal names	Signal names Pin		Signal names	Pin no's
Chassis Ground	А		Chassis Ground	N/A
TXD	Е	$ \longrightarrow $	RXD	2
RXD	G	< <u> </u> /	TXD	3
			Signal Ground	5
Sensor Power +ve	В	<u>_</u>	+ve DC Pow	er Supply
Sensor Power -ve and Signal Ground	C .		(See Pa -ve	ra 7.3.2)

An. Speed Ch 1	L	<i>└──</i>	Ch1 Input Analogue Device
An. Direction Ch 2	Μ		Ch2 input
Signal Ground	K		Channel 1/2 Return

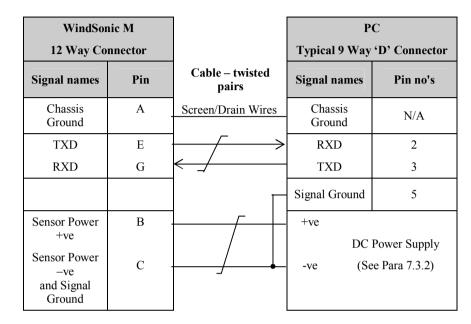
Heater Power +ve	Н	Γ	- +ve	Optional DC or AC
(1405 DK 201)				Heater Supply
(1405-PK-201)				(see Para 7.3.2)
Heater Power -ve	J ·		-ve	(See 1 ala 7.3.2)

#### **Default Settings**

The WindSonic M unit is factory configured with the following default settings:

M2, U1, O1, L1, P1, B3, H1, NQ, F1, E3, T1, S4, C2, G0, K50

7.5 Changing a Default Set WindSonic M RS232 Output (Mode E3) to RS422 Output (Mode, E2).



Connect the WindSonic M as per the above diagram.

With WindSonic M power off, set up a HyperTerminal (or equivalent) connection as per Para 10.3 but with the Baud rate set to 19200 (this can be at variance with the original WindSonic M Baud rate setting).

**Hold down** the \* character (shift 8) and then apply power to the WindSonic M. After approximately 3 seconds the unit will respond with **Safe Mode**.

Remove any \* characters on screen or press Enter.

Type E2 and press Enter (changes E3 setting to E2 (RS422)).

E2 will be seen twice on screen to confirm the setting change to RS422 has occurred.

It is possible to make other configuration setting changes now if required.

Type Q and press Enter to go back into measurement mode.

Now wire the WindSonic M to an RS422 device.

If a new terminal connection is required the Baud rate setting will be as per the WindSonic M configuration setting.

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### 7.7Connecting to a Gill WindDisplay

For further details see Section 8 USING WITH THE GILL WINDDISPLAY, and the WindDisplay User Manual for the method of operation.

#### Notes

- 1. WindSonic M Analogue output unit must be set for RS422 output (E2 Mode).
- 2. If used with a Marine NMEA 4800 Baud WindDisplay set the WindSonic M for NMEA (e.g. M5) and 4800 Baud (B2).
- 3. The WindDisplay can provide power to the WindSonic M sensor.
- 4. A separate DC or AC power supply is required for a heated WindSonic M.

WindSonic M 12 Way Connector		Cable twisted pairs	WindDisplay Meteorological	
Signal names	Pin		Signal names	Terminal nos.
Chassis Ground	А	Screen/Drain Wires	Chassis Ground	NA
TXD + TXD –	D E		TXD + TXD –	8 7
Sensor Power +ve Sensor Power –ve	B C		+ Power O Power	2 1



Heater Power +ve	Н	Γ	+ve	Optional DC or AC
				Heater Supply
(1405-PK-201)				fieuter suppry
Hastan Darran	т			(see Para 7.3.2)
Heater Power –ve	J		-ve	

Connect the WindSonic M as Para 7.5.

to RS232 Operation.

With WindSonic M power off, set up a HyperTerminal connection as per Para 10.3 but with the Baud rate set to 19200 (this can be at variance with the original WindSonic M Baud rate setting).

7.6Using Safe mode to Change an RS422 set Sensor back

**Hold down** the \* character (shift 8) and then apply power to the WindSonic M. After approximately 3 seconds the unit will respond with **Safe Mode**.

Remove any \* characters on screen or press Enter.

Type E3 and press Enter (changes E2 setting to E3 (RS232)).

E3 will be seen twice on screen to confirm the setting change to RS232 has occurred.

It is possible to make other configuration setting changes now if required.

Type Q and press Enter to go back into measurement mode.

Note garbled data may appear on screen if the original WindSonic M Baud rate setting is not 19200 bauds.

If required close the 19200-baud HyperTerminal connection and re-open at the WindSonic M Baud rate. If a continuous data mode has been previously chosen then data will scroll on screen.

NOTE Safe Mode above can be used with any WindSonic M for which communication format or configuration settings are not known to obtain communication and change settings.

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### 7.8 Connecting an RS422 output WindSonic M with Analogue Output to a PC with an RS422 Interface/Converter.

Notes.

WindSonic M must be set for RS422/RS485 mode (E2).

WindSonic M 12 Way Connector		Cable – twisted pairs	PC with RS422/232
			or USB converter
Signal names	Pin		Signal names
Chassis Ground	А	Screen/Drain Wires	Chassis Ground
TXD+	D	$ \longrightarrow $	RXD +
TXD –	Е	<u> </u>	· RXD –
RXD+	F	<	TXD +
RXD –	G	</td <td>TXD –</td>	TXD –
			Signal Ground
Sensor Power +ve	В		+ve DC Power supply
Sensor Power -ve	С	/	-ve
and Signal Ground			(Para 7.3.2)
An. Speed Ch 1	L		Input Analogue Device
An. Direction Ch 2	М	Ch2 i	input
Signal Ground	K	Chan	nel 1/2 Return
		,	_
Heater Power +ve	Н	+ve	Optional DC or AC
(1405-PK-201)			Heater Supply
Heater Power -ve	J	-ve	(see Para 7.3.2)

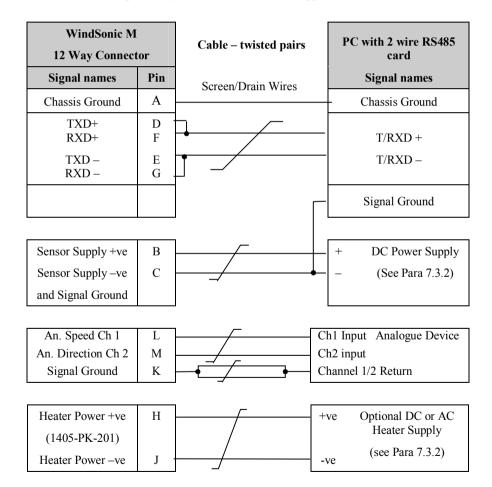
# 7.9Using 2 Wire RS485 Point to Point Only

Notes.

- 1. The unit must be set for RS422/485 mode (E2 setting).
- 2. WindSonic M must be set in Polled mode; a node address letter may be given if required.

See Section 9.3 on Polling.

3. Customers may poll using terminal software (NOT supplied).



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### 7.11 Mechanical

Before installing, see note at Section 7.2 Bench system test.

### 7.11.1 Orientation

Normally the WindSonic M is mounted on a vertical tube, ensuring a horizontal Measuring Plane.

See Figure 3 Alignment & Mounting details

For indoor use the unit may be mounted with the Measurement Plane set to any required orientation.

### 7.11.2 Alignment

The WindSonic M should be aligned to point to North, or any other reference direction –for example, the bow of a boat.

There are three notches aid north alignment.

See Figure 3 Alignment & Mounting Details

**Note:** It is usually simpler to work first with a compass at ground level and identify a suitable landmark and its bearing.

### 7.11.3 Mounting

The support tube requires three 3 equally spaced holes, tapped M5, 7.5mm from the top of the tube. Pass the cable (fitted with the plug) through the tube.

Note: the customer must fit appropriate strain relief to the cable.

Connect the plug by twisting it whilst pushing it gently into the socket on the WindSonic M. When it locates, twist the outer sleeve clockwise to connect and lock the plug.

Fix the WindSonic M to the tube using the 3 stainless steel screws provided. (Maximum mounting screw torque 4 Nm.)

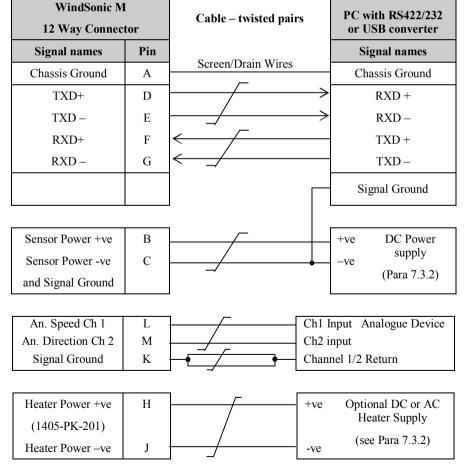
It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure that the WindSonic M is mounted in a position clear of any structure, which may obstruct the airflow or induce turbulence.

Do NOT mount the WindSonic M in close proximity of high-powered radar or radio transmitters. A site survey may be required if there is any doubt about the strength of external electrical noise.

7.10 Analogue Output

#### Notes.

- 1. If the Current output is used, the total output load **MUST** be below 300 ohms, including the cable resistance.
- 2. The current output loads must be returned to Signal Ground.
- 3. Reconfiguration of the analogue output requires a digital connection (*See sections 9 & 10*)
- 4. In addition, the digital output can be connected if required using RS232, RS422 (RS422 example below) or RS485 point to point, as shown in the previous sections.



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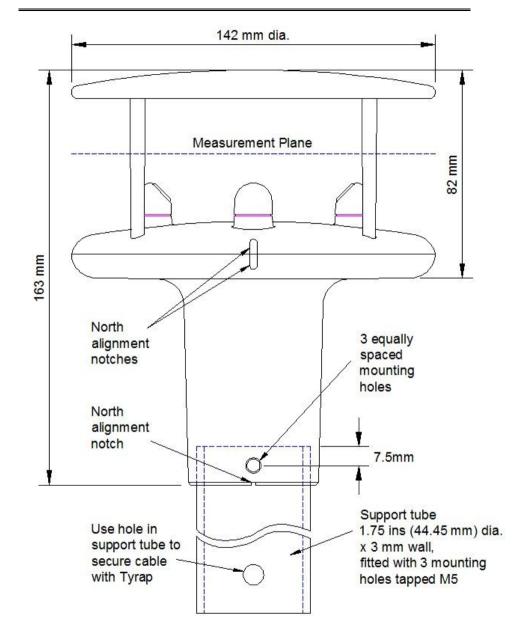


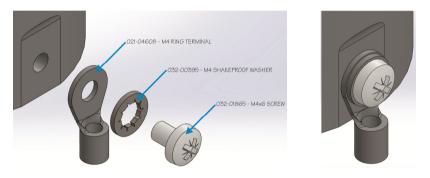
Figure 3 Alignment & Mounting details

### 7.11.4 Earthing or Grounding

To ensure correct operation, and for maximum protection against lightning, the anemometer metalwork MUST be correctly earthed (grounded) to an appropriate grounding point.

The primary earth for the anemometer must be made using the M4 Earthing Point provided via a minimum of 6mm<sup>2</sup> copper wire to the ground point.

Remove the M4 Nylon screw from the mounting body of the WindSonic M and insert the M4 x 6 Earth Screw/Shakeproof Washer/Ring Terminal lead connection and secure as shown below.



The 3 screws securing the anodised WindSonic M body to a Grounded metal pole/mast cannot be relied on to provide a good ground connection.

Inadequate Earthing/Grounding will degrade anemometer performance, particularly in the presence of radio frequency interference.

If junction boxes are used the cable screens must be joined with any cable screen continuing from the unit's cable via the junction box.

### 7.11.5 Heating

The WindSonic M can be ordered with Heating (Part 1405-PK-201).

Heating is autonomous and requires no set-up; it is continuously enabled and will operate on and off depending on temperature conditions that are likely to lead to icing.

Heating is first applied to the lower moulding and transducer assemblies, as conditions warrant, it is then applied to the upper reflector plate.

Upon switching on a WindSonic M heated unit, providing heater power is connected then a one minute burst of full heating will occur to give confidence that the heating is functioning.

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# 8 USING THE GILL WINDDISPLAY

The WindSonic M is designed to link directly to the Gill WindDisplay unit to provide a complete wind speed and direction system.

After coupling to a WindDisplay, the Wind Speed units and the Averaging period can be selected using the WindDisplay controls. *See the WindDisplay User Manual.* 

#### Important:

- WindSonic M must be set for RS422 output (E2), connected as shown in Section 7.7 Connecting to a Gill WindDisplay.
- The WindSonic M must be set for Polar Mode (M2) and 9600 Baud (B3) to interface with the Meteorological Wind Display.
- If used with a Marine NMEA 4800 Baud WindDisplay set the WindSonic M for NMEA (M5) and 4800 Baud (B2).
- Note that although the WindDisplay can display wind speed in various units, these are calculated within the WindDisplay. The data coming to the WindDisplay must be in metres/sec (i.e. the factory default output setting).
- A separate Heater DC or AC power supply is required for a heated WindSonic M.

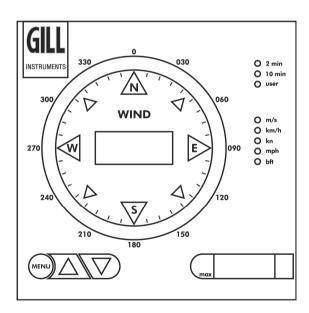


Figure 4 WindDisplay

# **9 MESSAGE FORMATS**

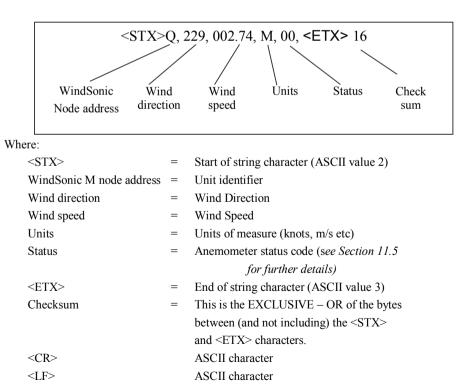
On applying power to the WindSonic M, it will provide wind measurements in one of the following formats:

- Gill Polar, Continuous (**default format**)
- ➢ Gill UV, Continuous
- Gill Polar Polled
- ➢ Gill − UV Polled
- ➤ NMEA IIMWV or WIMWV (with NMEA status Codes)
- ➢ NMEA IIMWV or WIMWV (with Gill Status Codes)
- ➤ Tunnel U Direction, U Speed

#### Each of these is described below.

Information on how to change the formats and settings follows in Section 10 CONFIGURING.

### 9.1 Gill format– Polar, Continuous (Default format)



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#### WindSonic M node address

The default setting is 'Q'. If required the WindSonic M can be configured to show a different alphabetical node letter (A to Z), so as to identify the WindSonic M.

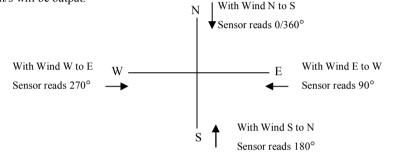
It is recommended that ID's A to F and K, M, N and P are not used, as these characters can be present in the data string.

### Wind direction

Indicated in degrees, from 0 to 359°, with respect to the WindSonic M North marker.

In Comma Separated Variable and Fixed Field modes, when the wind speed is below

0.05 metres/sec the direction will not be calculated; the last calculated direction above 0.05 m/s will be output.



#### Wind speed and units

Shows the Wind Speed in the Measurement Plane (See Figure 3 Alignment & Mounting details) in one of the following units:

Units	Identifier
Metres per second (default)	М
Knots	Ν
Miles per hour	Р
Kilometres per hour	K
Feet per minute	F

### Low Wind Speeds (below 0.05m/s)

Whilst the wind speed is below 0.05 metres/sec, the wind direction will not be calculated.

In both CSV mode and in Fixed Field mode, wind direction output will freeze at the last known valid direction value until a new valid value can be calculated.

The above applies with the K command set for K50. If K for instance is set for 100 then the above applies at 0.1m/s.

Output rate (not displayed)

The WindSonic M samples continuously and delivers wind information at <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>, <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>, 1 (default setting), 2, or 4 outputs / second.

#### Status

This indicates either

Correct operation Code 00 and A (NMEA). or Error codes See Section 11.5 for explanation of codes.

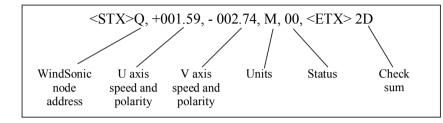
#### Checksum

This enables the host system to check that the data has been correctly received. This is the EXCLUSIVE – OR of the bytes between (and not including) the <STX> and <ETX> characters.

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### 9.2 Gill format – UV, Continuous

In this mode, the output is given as signed (i.e. positive or negative) speeds along the 'U' (= South – North) axis and the 'V' (= East – West) axis.



Where:

<stx></stx>	=	Start of string character (ASCII value 2)
WindSonic M node address	=	Unit identifier
U axis	=	speed & polarity
V axis	=	speed & polarity
Units	=	Units of measure (knots, m/s etc)
Status	=	Anemometer status code (see Section 11.5
		for further details)
<etx></etx>	=	End of string character (ASCII value 3)
Checksum	=	This is the EXCLUSIVE – OR of the bytes
		between (and not including) the <stx></stx>
		and <etx> characters</etx>

The WindSonic M unit identifier, Units, and Checksum are as described in Section 0 above. Figure 5 shows the polarity of U and V if the wind components along the U and V axis are blowing in the direction of the respective arrows.

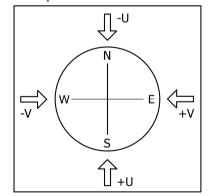


Figure 5 UV Polarity

### 9.3 Gill format – Polled (Polar or UV)

When in the Polled mode, an output is only generated when the host system sends a Poll signal to the WindSonic M consisting of the WindSonic M Unit Identifier – that is, the relevant letter A - Z.

The output formats are otherwise as described in Sections 9.1 and 9.2.

The commands available in this mode are:

Description	Command	WindSonic M response
WindSonic M Unit Identifier	A Z	Wind speed output generated
Enable Polled mode	?	(None)
Disable Polled mode	!	(None)
Request WindSonic M Unit Identifier	&	A Z (as configured)
Enter Configuration mode	* <n></n>	CONFIGURATION MODE

Where <N> is the unit identifier, it is recommended that ID's A to F and K,M,N, or P are not used as these characters can be present in the data string.

#### Notes: -

It is suggested that in polled mode the following sequence is used for every poll for information.

? Ensures that the Sensor is enabled to cover the event that a power down has occurred.

A-Z Appropriate unit designator sent to retrieve a line of data.

! Sent to disable poll mode and reduce possibility of erroneous poll generation.

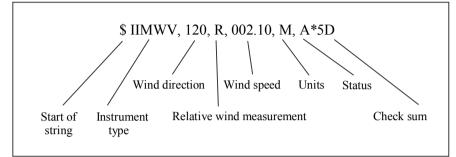
When in polled mode the system will respond to the data command within 130mS with the last valid data sample as calculated by the Output rate (P Mode Setting).

If the unit is powered down after use or upon switch on then allow 5 seconds from switch on before sending poll commands.

Polled mode can only be used for point to point communications, it is not possible to network units on a common bus.

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### 9.4 NMEA Format (NMEA status Codes)



The Wind Direction, Wind Speed, and Units are as described in Section 9.1.

The **Instrument Type** – IIMWV - is a mnemonic for Integrated Instrument Mean Wind direction & Velocity.

The Status codes are:

A Acceptable measurement

V Void measurement

A typical WindSonic M configuration suitable for NMEA (See Section 10):

M5, U1, O1, L1, P1, B2, H1, NQ, F1, E2, T1, S4, C2, G0, K50

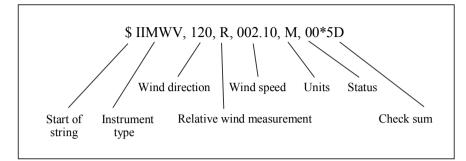
Consult specification NMEA 0183 version 3 (available on the web) for complete interface details.

The WindSonic M can also be set for the alternative start of string NMEA format WIMWV (Mode 14, which is a Mnemonic for: -

Wind Instrument Mean Wind direction and Velocity.

The string format will appear as above but with WIMWV at the start of the string.

### 9.5NMEA Format (Gill status Codes)



The Wind Direction, Wind Speed, and Units are as described in Section 9.1.

The **Instrument Type** – IIMWV - is a mnemonic for Integrated Instrument Mean Wind direction & Velocity (alternative start of string format WIMWV can be selected).

The Gill Status codes are as described in Para 11.5.

A typical WindSonic M configuration suitable for NMEA (See Section 10):

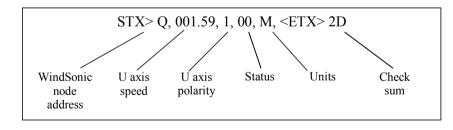
M16, U1, O1, L1, P1, B3, H1, NQ, F1, E2, T1, S4, C2, G0, K50

Consult specification NMEA 0183 version 3 (available on the web) for complete interface details.

### 9.6 Gill format - Tunnel Mode (UU, Continuous)

In this mode, the Wind Speed output is given as a signed figure (i.e. positive or negative) along the 'U' (= South – North) axis.

Direction is indicated by a 0 or 1.



Where:

<stx></stx>	=	Start of string character (ASCII value 2)
WindSonic M node address	=	Unit identifier
U axis	=	U axis Wind Speed
U axis		U axis Wind Direction Polarity where: -
		0 (-U vector) is a wind from the North direction or
		1 (+U vector) is a wind from the South direction.

See Section 9.1 for other string information.

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### 9.7 Analogue Outputs and Options

### 9.7.1 Voltage or Current output

The WindSonic (Option 3) can be configured for either Voltage (0 - 5 V) or Current (0 - 5 V)20mA and 4 - 20 mA) outputs.

#### Important:

- 1. When using the current outputs, the load resistance between the Analogue outputs (Pins L & M) and Signal Ground (Pin K) must be <= 300 ohms, including cable resistance. *This is to ensure that the voltage levels on Pins L & M do not exceed 5V.*
- 2. The current outputs must be returned to Signal Ground (Pin K).

### 9.7.2 Analogue Output Modes

Analogue	Polar Mode	NMEA Mode	UV Mode	Tunnel Mode
Outputs	Modes 2 and 4	Modes 5,14,15 & 16	Modes 1 and 3	Mode 12
Channel 1	Wind Speed	Wind Speed	U Wind Speed	U Wind Speed
(Pin L wrt Pin K)				
Channel 2	Wind Direction	Wind Direction	U Wind Polarity	U Wind Polarity
(Pin M wrt Pin K)				

### 9.7.3 Polar mode direction wraparound

The Wind Direction in Polar mode can be configured for either Standard (0 - 359°) or Wraparound  $(0 - 539^{\circ})$  options. If the Standard mode is used with a chart recorder, large swings of the recorder pen will be experienced each time the wind direction passes between 0 and 359°. Using the Wraparound mode, when the wind first changes from 0° to 359°, there will be a step change on the output, but after this first time the output will change smoothly each time the wind passes through 360°. (Similarly, the first time the wind veers from 539° to 180°, there will be a step change, after which the output will change smoothly).

Wind	Voltag	e Output	Curren	t Output	Current Output		
Direction	(0v to 5V)		(0mA to 20mA)		(4mA to 20mA)		
(degrees)	Standard	Wraparound	Standard	Wraparound	Standard	Wraparound	
0	0	0	0.00	0.00	4.00	4.00	
180	2.5	1.67	10.00	6.67	12.00	9.33	
360	5.0	3.33	20.00	13.33	20.00	14.67	
540	N/a	5.0	N/a	20.00	N/a	20.00	

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### 9.7.4 Wind Speed scaling

Analogue Outputs are always scaled in m/s irrespective of the digital output units of measurement setting.

The Wind Speed output can be configured such that full-scale output represents 5, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 or 60 metres/sec.

In all cases zero Wind Speed is represented by 0V, 0mA or 4mA.

#### **Tunnel mode** 9.7.5

When configured in Tunnel mode, Channel 1 output represents the wind speed along the U axis (South - North) scaled as described above.

Channel 2 gives the direction of the wind along the U axis, where a –U vector (= wind from the N direction) is represented by 0V (or 0mA, 4mA), and a + U vector is represented by 5V (or 20mA).

### 9.7.6 Analogue Output Rate

In Continuous and Polled modes the analogue output update rate will be determined by the P command setting.

### 9.7.7 Disabled outputs

If the analogue outputs are not required, they can be disabled (Command S9).

### 9.7.8 Analogue Output Conditions

Analogue signals are output together with Digital Outputs signals.

Analogue signals are output continuously when in Digital Polled Mode.

Note: - The WindSonic provides the power for current output loads. Do not connect the WindSonic output to instruments where power for the current loop is provided by the instrument connecting to the WindSonic current output connections.

### 9.7.9 Low wind speeds (below 0.05 m/s).

Whilst the wind speed is below 0.05 metres/sec, the wind direction will not be calculated. In both CSV mode and in Fixed Field mode, Channel 2 wind direction output will freeze at the last known valid direction value until a new valid value can be calculated.

The above applies with the K command set for K50. If K for instance is set for 100 then the above applies at 0.1m/s.

In both CSV and Fixed Field Modes, if a valid wind measurement cannot be calculated due to a fault condition (for example all paths blocked), the Analogue outputs on Channels 1 and 2 will switch back and forth between 0 and 5V (or 0/4 to 20mA) at the selected output rate.

The following table summarises the above 2 reporting conditions with Analogue Outputs set for Polar Continuous Output and 4-20mA (T3), the same conditions of operation will apply to 0-20mA or 0-5V.

Comma Separated Variable (C.S.V) Mode or Fixed Field Mode.

Wind Speed Condition	Channel 1 Speed Output	Channel 2 Direction Output
Greater Than 0.05m/s	4 – 20mA variable	4 – 20mA variable
Less Than 0.05m/s	4 – 20mA variable	Hold last known good reading above 0.05m/s speed until wind speed increases above 0.05m/s
Any Wind Speed (Error Code Output e.g. 01, 02, 04 etc.)	Cycle $4 - 20 - 4$ mA at output rate	Cycle 4 – 20 – 4 mA at output rate

# **10 CONFIGURING**

Gill Wind software may be used to configure the WindSonic M; alternatively, the user may elect to use another terminal emulator package such as Windows HyperTerminal. This section describes the commands used to change User and Communications settings.

#### 10.1 Wind

Wind software is available on the CD that comes with the WindSonic M or is available for the customer to download, free of charge, from the Gill Instruments Ltd website www.gillinstruments.com.

Wind software allows the unit configuration to be changed and to be able to display the Digital Data String on a PC screen.

Connect both WindSonic M transmit and receive data lines to the PC to establish 2 way communications.

Open Wind Software and select the appropriate Com Port from the drop down menu and click on OK to reach the data screen.



If data is not correctly displayed then on the Menu click on Tools/Synch Comms.

The Sensor will be interrogated and Sensor Baud Rate and Mode settings detected and reported.

Daudrate 19200

Wind software settings will be adjusted to match those of the sensor to show data scrolling on screen.

If after Synch Comms there is still a problem, repeat Synch Comms or switch off the sensor and switch back on again and repeat above procedure.

Note: - It is also possible to use Wind as a Terminal Program and change settings using the Configuration Mode of operation (Commands are listed in Para's 10.4 to 10.7.1).

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G Wind Baudrate Tools Exit About

2368-103 \$5485/RS422 (CF6) >HECKSUH ROH:4651 4651 \*PRSS\* >HECKSUH FRC:9668 9A68 \*PRSS\* >HECKSUH CH3:1285 1285 \*PRSS\* >HECKSUH CH1:2580 C960 \*PRSS\*

(INDSONIC (Gill Instruments Ltd)

30, 267, 000.06, H, 00, +18 30, 262, 000.06, H, 00, +18 30, 268, 000.05, H, 00, +17 30, 268, 000.04, H, 00, +17 30, 268, 000.06, H, 00, +19 30, 263, 000.07, H, 00, +18 30, 247, 000.05, H, 00, +10 Doc No 1405 PS 0032 Issue 2

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To review and change the WindSonic M configuration click on **Tools/Wizard** Typical Screen is shown following

Message Output Format	M2 Polar		
Baud Rate	9600		
Output Rate	P1 1 Hz		
Message Terminator	<cr><lf></lf></cr>		
Measurement Units	m/s		
Alignment			
Averaging (0 = Off)	0		
Resolution			
Minimum direction Resolution	50		
SOS/Sonic Temp Display			
Display Analogue Inputs			
Analogue Output Mode	Ov to 5V		
PRT setting	×		
Unit Identifier	Q •		
Power on Message	Display Power On Messag 💌		
	Retries Enabled		
	Instantaneous Sampling		
	Calibration Enabled		
ASCII Format	Fixed Field		
DAC Channel 1		-	

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If you wish to review the Sensor Settings click on Tools/Report Config.

When selected a similar message to that below will be seen.

Anemometer Wizard	
DETAILS OF DETECTED ANEMOMETER	*
SW VEBSION	
Anemometer Firmware Version: 2368-103	
HW DETAILS OF ANEMOMETER	
Detected Anemometer Class : WindSonic	
Number of AXIS on this unit : 2	
DAC resolution of attached unit : 12	
Number of DAC channels : 2	
Maximum sampling rate : (3) P3 4 Hz	
USER CONFIGURATION OF ANEMOMETER	
Baud Rate : 9600	
Output Message Format : M2 Polar	
Output Message Velocity Units : m/s	
Output Message Terminator : <cr><li>II&gt;</li></cr>	
Averaging settings : Averaging inactive	
Output rate : P1 1 Hz Polar angle minimum magnitude: 0.050 m/s	
Pover-On Message : Display Power On Message	
ASCII Format : Fixed Field	
Analogue output mode : 0v to 5V	
Unit Identifier : '0'	
Output Channel 1 : Polar Magnitude (full range = 30m/s)	
Output Channel 2 : Polar angle (wrap mode = 360 degree wrap)	
ſ	
	-
1	*
пк	
UN	

Alert

Anemometer Synchronised at 9600 baud. This anemometer is in CONTINUOUS mode. To change a setting i.e. change from M2 (Polar) to M1 (UV), select M1 from the Wizard drop down list then click on Next.

Message Output Format	M2 Polar 🔹	
Baud Rate	M1 UV/WI	
Output Rate	M3 UV(W) Polled M4 Polar Polled	
Oulput Hale	M5 NMEA AV M12 Tunnel Mode	
Message Terminator	M14 NMEA WIMWV AV M15 NMEA WIMWV GILL	
Measurement Units	m/s	
A 17		
Alignment	<u> </u>	
Averaging (0 = Off)	0	
Resolution	<b>T</b>	
Minimum direction Resolution	50	
Minimum direction riesolution	100	

The following screen will show settings that will be changed. Then click on Next.



Wind will report Setting Up Anemometer and then re-start the anemometer scrolling data in UV mode.

### 10.2 WindView

WindView software is available on the CD that comes with the WindSonic M or for the customer to download free of charge from the Gill Instruments Ltd website www.gillinstruments.com.

WindView features include: -

- Data Display
- Data Logging
- Wind Alarms

#### NOTES:

WindView cannot be used to change the WindSonic M configuration.

### 10.3 Configuring using HyperTerminal

Note - Other terminal emulators are configured in a very similar way.

- 1. Decide on an available Com port that you want to use (Usually Com1).
- 2. Run Hypertrm.exe (Typically accessed via Start →All Programs →Accessories →Communications→Hyperterminal).
- 3. Create a New Connection (File  $\rightarrow$  New Connection)
- 4. Enter a Name (eg WindSonic M 1).
- 5. Change 'Connect Using' to 'Direct to Com 1' (or other Com port as required)
- 6. Adjust the Port settings to match WindSonic M settings. WindSonic M default settings are :

Bits per second 9600 Data bits 8

Parity None

Stop bits 1

Flow Control (Handshaking) None

Click on OK and data similar to the following example will scroll on screen at the output rate:

© Q, 229, 002.74, M, 00, ♥ 06

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### **10.4 Entering Configuration mode**

From Continuous mode

From Polled mode

Type \*

Type \* then <N>Where <N> is the Unit identifier

The WindSonic M responds with a CONFIGURATION MODE message, stops reporting wind measurements, and waits for a command (as detailed below).

# 10.5 Returning to Measurement mode

Type Q then press ENTER

The WindSonic M responds with a checksum test and then continuous wind information when in continuous mode, or on receipt of a Poll signal when in Polled mode.

### **10.6** Checking the configuration

We recommend that, as a standard procedure, you use this command prior to, and after, changing any settings. It shows the current settings for all the alterable settings.

Type \*

Type D 3 then press ENTER

The WindSonic M responds with the default settings.

M2, U1, O1, L1, P1, B3, H1, NQ, F1, E3, T1, S4, C2, G0, K50

We suggest you note down the settings, so that you can easily return to them.

Return to measurement mode

Type Q then press ENTER

All of these settings are explained in the following sections.

### 10.7 Changing a setting

To change a setting, refer to the sections below, enter the command of the new setting required, followed by ENTER. The new setting will be sent as a message by the WindSonic M.

For example, to change the message format to NMEA, Type M 5 and press ENTER

The WindSonic M will reply M5. When the unit is returned to the Measurement mode, it will be in NMEA format.

#### Notes:

The factory-set (default) settings are shown in **bold** in the following sections.

To Change E Command setting refer to Safe Mode operation, Para's 7.5 and 7.6.

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### 10.7.1 Command List

COMMAND	USER
В	Baud rate
С	Analogue angle wrapping
D	Diagnostic and Configuration
E	Set Physical Comms
F	Data and Parity Options
G	Not currently used
Н	Power-Up message
K	Minimum Direction Velocity
L	Message Terminator
М	Message Format
Ν	Unit ID
0	ASCII Output format
Р	Output rate
Q	MEASUREMENT MODE
S	Analogue output range
Т	Analogue output type
U	Select Units
*	INTERACTIVE MODE

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### **Bx - Baud rate**

Item	Options	Command
	2400	B1
	4800	B2
Baud rate	9600	B3
	19200	B4
	38400	В5
To change the Baud rate when using HyperTerminal: -		
Eg. If set to B3 (9600 baud) and it is required to set to Baud rate to B2 (4800 baud).		
Type * to enter Configuration Mode.		
Type <b>B</b> and press <b>ENTER</b> , (Do not type any further commands at this stage).		
Close the 9600 Baud HyperTerminal connection.		

Open HyperTerminal and set the new connection Baud Rate to 4800 baud.

Type B and press ENTER, the letter B will be shown followed by Capitol B2

Type Q and press ENTER, data will scroll at the new baud rate.

### **Cx** - settings

Item	Options	5	Command
Analogue Wraparound	Wrap around	0 – 539°	C1
(Chart recorder facility)	Normal	0 - 359°	C2

### Dx - Diagnostic and Configuration Command (See Section 10.8)

### **Ex - Communications Protocol**

Item	Options	Command
Communications protocol	RS422 / RS485	E2
	R8232	E3
To change settings refer to Connecting to a PC (Para's 7.5 and 7.6).		

### Fx - Data and parity options

Item	Options	Command
	8 bits, no parity	F1
Data and parity options	8 bits, even parity	F2
	8 bits, odd parity	F3

### **Gx** - settings

Not Applicable

### Hx - Power-up Message

Item	Options	Command
Demon an array of	ON	H1
Power –up message	OFF	H2

If the power up message is On, then a message similar to that below is output, whenever the unit goes into Measurement mode (i.e. when power is first applied to the unit, or unit returns to Measurement mode from Configuration mode).

WINDSONIC M (Gill Instruments Ltd) 2368-105 RS232 (CFG)

CHECKSUM ROM:E15C E15C \*PASS\*

CHECKSUM FAC:0A42 0A42 \*PASS\*

CHECKSUM ENG:12BE 12BE \*PASS\*

CHECKSUM CAL:C980 C980 \*PASS\*

If any of these checksums fail, the word PASS will be replaced by FAIL and the unit will use its default settings. If the checksum repeatedly fails after power on - contact your supplier.

**NOTE**: The exact message above may vary.

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### Kxx to Kxxxx - Minimum Direction Velocity

Item	Options	Command
Minimum Direction	<b>0.05m/s</b> to 5m/s	K50
Velocity		KXX to KXXXX
direction is enabled in thousan means that any wind magnitud	um wind velocity to be set at which adth of a metre per second. The defa de less than 0.05m/s will have the w aximum value allowed for this is 50	ault is 50, which vind direction

### Lx - Message Terminator

Item	Options	Command
Massasta	<cr> <lf></lf></cr>	L1
Message terminator	<cr></cr>	L2

### Mx to Mxx - Message Format

Item	Options	Command
Message Format	Gill, UV, Continuous Gill, Polar, Continuous Gill, Polar, Continuous Gill, UV, Polled Gill, Polar, Polled NMEA, IIMWV (NMEA status code) Tunnel Continuous NMEA, WIMWV (NMEA status code) NMEA, WIMWV (Gill status code) NMEA, IIMWV (Gill status code)	M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M12 M14 M15
	NWLA, IIW W V (OIII status code)	M16

### **Nx - Node Address**

Item	Options	Command
Node Address	<b>Q</b> -(A to Z)	N <q></q>

It is recommended that ID's A to F and K, M, N and P are not used, as these characters can be present in the data string.

### **Ox - ASCII Output Format**

	Item	Options	Command
	ASCII output format	Comma separated format (CSV)	01
		Fixed field	O2

Example data string for CSV data changing to low wind (less than 0.05m/s and error status code condition.

¬ Q,156,000.05,M,00,<sup>⊥</sup> 19

- ¬ Q,,000.04,M,00, <sup>L</sup> 2A (low wind, no direction figure output at 0.04m/s or lower).
- ¬ Q,100,000.09,M,00,<sup>⊥</sup> 16
- ¬ Q,,,,M,04,<sup>⊥</sup> 24 (error data, no figures output in wind fields).

Example data string for Fixed Field data changing to low wind and error status code condition.

- ¬ Q,160,000.05,M,00,<sup>⊥</sup> 1C
- $\neg$  Q,160,000.04,M,00,<sup>L</sup> 1D (low wind, last direction figure at 0.05m/s or above retained).
- ¬ Q,170,000.06,M,00,<sup>⊥</sup> 1E
- ¬ Q,999,999.99,M,04,<sup>L</sup> 0A (error data, wind fields padded with 9's).

### Px to Pxx - Output Rate

Item	Options	Command
	1 per second	P1
	2 per second	P2
Output rate	4 per second	Р3
	1/4 per second	P20
	1/2 per second	P21

### **Q** - Measurement Mode

See Section 10.5.

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Item	Options	Command
	0-5 metres per second	S1
	0-10 metres per second	S2
Analogue Range,	0-20 metres per second	S3
Magnitude Scaling	0 – 30 metres per second	<b>S4</b>
(Set Analogue Output	0-40 metres per second	S5
Range)	0-50 metres per second	S6
	0-60 metres per second	S7
	Analogue output disabled	S9

## Tx - Analogue Output Type (Voltage or Current)

Item	Options	Command
Voltage or Current output (Set Analogue Output Type)	<b>0 - 5 Volt</b> 4 - 20 mA	<b>T1</b> T3
(Set Analogue Output Type)	0 - 20  mA	T5

### **Ux - Output Units**

Item	Options		Command
	Metres per second	(M)	U1
Output	Knots	(N)	U2
•	Miles per hour	(P)	U3
Units	Kilometres per hour	(K)	U4
	Feet per minute	(F)	U5

### **10.8 Configuration / Diagnostic Information**

Each of these commands causes a response from the WindSonic M.

Item	Command	Response
Type and serial No.	D1	Y12300001
Software version	D2	2368-105
Unit configuration	D3	M2,U1,O1,L1,P1,B3,H1,NQ,F1,E3,T1,S4,C2,G0,K50,
Supply Voltage	D5	+11.7v
Self test	D6	See Section 12.2 Self-Test (Still Air) ALIGNMENT LIMITS:0D59,0CF5 ALIGNMENT U:OD15 *PASS* ALIGNMENT V:OD16 *PASS* CHECKSUM ROM:AB7D AB7D *PASS* CHECKSUM FAC:04F4 04F4 *PASS* CHECKSUM ENG:082A 082A *PASS* CHECKSUM CAL:A9C1 A9C1 *PASS*
Hardware Configuration	D10	Serial Number : Y12300001 Software Version : 2368-105 Class : WINDSONIC (Gill Instruments Ltd) Number of axes on this unit : 2 Axes tilted 45deg to horizontal plane Analogue Outputs: 2 (12bit) Analogue Output Modes:0-5V 4-20mA 0-20mA Maximum output rate: 004Hz Maximum base rate on this unit is 16Hz sampling Available baudrates: 002400 004800 009600 019200 038400 Available messages: M1 M2 M3 M4 M5 M12 M14 M15 M16 Safe mode enabled Parity control allowed: F1 F2 F3 Communication modes: RS232 RS485/422

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# **11 MAINTENANCE & FAULT-FINDING**

## 11.1 Cleaning

If there is any build up of deposit on the unit, it should be gently cleaned with a cloth moistened with soft detergent. Solvents should not be used, and care should be taken to avoid scratching any surfaces. The unit must be allowed to defrost naturally after being exposed to snow or icy conditions, do NOT attempt to remove ice or snow with a tool.

Do NOT remove black "rubber" transducer caps.

### 11.2 Servicing

There are no moving parts or user-serviceable parts requiring routine maintenance.

Opening the unit or breaking the security seal will void the warranty and the calibration.

In the event of failure, prior to returning the unit to your authorised Gill distributor, it is recommended that:

- 1. All cables and connectors are checked for continuity, bad contacts, corrosion etc.
- 2. A bench test is carried out as described in Section 12.1.
- 3. You contact your supplier for advice

### 11.3 Fault Finding

Symptom	Solution
	Check DC power to WindSonic M, cable and connections.
	Check comms settings of WindSonic M ( <i>as detailed in Section</i> 10) and host system match, including correct Com port
No output	Check unit is in Continuous mode
	Check that in-line communication devices are wired correctly.
	NOTE: It is usual for Anemometer TX + to be connected to converter device RX +
	Check comms settings of WindSonic M and host system match.
Corrupted output	Try a slower baud rate.
	Check cable lengths and type of cable.
One way communication	Check WindSonic M and host system are both set to the same protocol RS232, RS422, or RS485.
communication	Check wiring is in accordance with the manual.
Failed / Incorrect WindSonic M output, data invalid flag	Check that transducer path is not blocked

# 11.4 Returning Unit

If the unit has to be returned, it should be carefully packed in the original packaging and returned to your authorised Gill distributor, with a full description of the fault condition.

### 11.5 Status

The Status code is sent as part of each wind measurement message.

Note there are no heating on/off or fault status codes.

Code	Status	Condition
00	OK	Sufficient samples in average period
01	Axis 1 failed	Insufficient samples in average period on U axis
02	Axis 2 failed	Insufficient samples in average period on V axis
04	Axis 1 and 2 failed	Insufficient samples in average period on both axes
08	NVM error	NVM checksum failed
09	ROM error	ROM checksum failed
Α	-	NMEA data Acceptable
V	-	NMEA data Void

# 12 TESTS

# 12.1 Bench test

#### Data Tests.

- 1. Couple the WindSonic M to the host system and power supply, using a known working test cable.
- 2. Check that the unit is correctly configured by going into Configuration mode and using 3 See Section 10.6 Checking the configuration.
- 3. Check for normal output data, and that the Status Code is OK 00 (or A for NMEA format).
- 4. If the status code is other than 00 or A, refer to Section 11.5 Status (error) codes.
- 5. Use an office fan or similar to check that the unit is sensing wind, turning the unit to simulate changing wind direction and to check that both axes are functioning.
- 6. Note that this is a quick functional test. There are no calibration adjustments; the unit is designed NOT to require re-calibration within its lifetime.

Heater Tests (if applicable).

- 1. Connect the WindSonic M Heater wires to a 24v dc power supply.
- 2. Switch on the heater Power Supply and observe that heater current is drawn and is greater than 2.5 amps.
- 3. Heating current will be taken for approximately 60 seconds, check that the underneath of the top reflector plate has warmed up and the top of the transducer mounting assembly has warmed up.

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### 12.2 Self-Test (Still Air)

This test checks Alignment and Checksums.

Alignment tests: The unit performs a transducer geometry check and compares the result with its factory setting.

Checksum tests: The unit performs a check of its program and data memory.

# **Important.** This test is a stringent laboratory test, which will only be passed if carried out under still air conditions at room temperature $(17-23 \, ^\circ C)$ and heating not powered.

- 1. Use the original packing box (inner and outer) to enclose the unit. (The packaging is designed as a zero wind enclosure).
- 2. Go into Configuration Mode \* ENTER
- 3. Carry out the Self-test by entering D 6 ENTER .

A message similar to that shown below will be generated:

ALIGNMENT LIMITS:0D59,0CF5 ALIGNMENT U:OD15 \*PASS\* ALIGNMENT V:OD16 \*PASS\* CHECKSUM ROM:AB7D AB7D \*PASS\* CHECKSUM FAC:04F4 04F4 \*PASS\* CHECKSUM ENG:082A 082A \*PASS\* CHECKSUM CAL:A9C1 A9C1 \*PASS\*

For each of the Alignment tests a Pass or Refer to Manual message is generated. For each of the Checksum tests a Pass or Fail message is generated.

4. If any of the tests fail, contact your supplier.

If a "refer to manual" message appears please see Section 11.3 Fault Finding.

*Note that it will only pass if the specified temperature and zero wind conditions are met.* Check that there are no visible obstructions or damage to the unit before contacting Gill or your authorised distributor for further advice.

### 12.3 Calibration

A Custom calibration is available from Gill Instruments. This must be specified at the time of order or the unit must be returned to Gill Instruments for retrospective calibration.

# **13 APPENDICES**

### 13.1 Glossary & Abbreviations

Item	Meaning	
CAL	Calibration	
CR	Carriage Return	
CSV	Comma Separated Variable	
ENG	Engineering	
FAC	Factory	
КРН	Kilometres per Hour	
LF	Line Feed	
МРН	Miles per Hour	
NMEA 0183 (version 3)	National Marine Electronics Association standard for interfacing marine electronic navigational devices	
NVM	Non-Volatile Memory	
PC	IBM compatible Personal Computer	
ROM	Read Only Memory	
RS232	Communications standard	
RS422	Communications standard	
RS485	Communications standard	
RXD	Received Data	
TXD	Transmitted Data	
SDI-12	Serial - Data Interface standard for microprocessor based sensors	
WMO	World Meteorological Organisation	

### 13.2 Guarantee

For terms of guarantee contact your supplier.

Warranty is void if the transducer caps have been damaged or the unit is opened up.

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### 13.3 WindSonic M

### **Electrical Conformity**

EC DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY ACCORDING TO COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 2004/108/EC



We, Gill Instruments Ltd., declare under our sole responsibility that the product:

WindSonic M Ultrasonic Anemometer

Manufactured by: Gill Instruments Ltd

to which this declaration relates, is in conformity with the protection requirements of Council Directive 2004/108/EC on the approximation of the laws relating to electromagnetic compatibility.

This Declaration of Conformity is based upon compliance of the product with the following harmonised standards: EN60945:2002.

EN61326:2006.

(Conducted RF Immunity excludes 150 kHz to 200 kHz).

ACRStichlas

Signed by:

A.C.R. Stickland – Director

Date of issue: 04/10/2013

Place of issue: Gill Instruments Ltd Saltmarsh Park, 67 Gosport Street, Lymington, SO41 9EG, UK



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